What You Can do if You are at Higher Risk of Severe Illness from COVID-19

Are You at Higher Risk for Severe Illness?

Based on what we know now, those at high-risk for severe illness from COVID-19 are:

- People aged 65 years and older
- People who live in a nursing home or long-term care facility

People of all ages with underlying medical conditions, particularly if not well controlled, including:

- People with chronic lung disease or moderate to severe asthma
- People who have serious heart conditions
- People who are immunocompromised
  - Many conditions can cause a person to be immunocompromised, including cancer treatment, smoking, bone marrow or organ transplantation, immune deficiencies, poorly controlled HIV or AIDS, and prolonged use of corticosteroids and other immune weakening medications.
- People with severe obesity (body mass index [BMI] of 40 or higher)
- People with diabetes
- People with chronic kidney disease undergoing dialysis
- People with liver disease

Here’s What You Can do to Help Protect Yourself

- **Stay home** if possible.
- **Wash your hands** often.
- **Avoid close contact** (6 feet, which is about two arm lengths) with people who are sick.
- **Clean and disinfect** frequently touched surfaces.
- **Cover your mouth and nose** with a cloth face cover when around others.
- **Cover coughs and sneezes.**

Call your healthcare professional if you are sick.

For more information on steps you can take to protect yourself, see CDC’s [How to Protect Yourself](https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus)